Biosecurity practices for	Self-evaluation Checklist				
animal health management	Always/	Some-	Never	N/A	Notes
	frequently	times		•	
The sheep needed to maintain and					
grow my flock are produced on my farm.	_				
I purchase new sheep from a limited					
number of sources.		ш	$ \; \sqcup \; $		
When I purchase new sheep, I know					
the health status of the individual	Ш		ш		
animals and of the source flock.					
My sheep purchases are supported by					
documentation on the health and	Ш	Ш	ш		
disease status of the animals.					
When my sheep participate at a show					
or a fair, I take measures to reduce the	ш	ш	ш		
risk of disease transmission from other					
sheep.					
I avoid commingling my animals with					
animals from other farms during					
transportation.					
I have an isolation area.					
All newly-acquired sheep that are					
brought to my farm are isolated for a					
period of time determined by the					
specific diseases of concern for my					
farm.					
All sheep that return to my farm (e.g. after going to a show, and loaned					
sheep or rams) are isolated for a period					
of time determined by the specific					
diseases of concern for my farm.					
Sheep in an isolation area are					
monitored daily for signs of illness.		ш			
Sheep in an isolation area do not have					
direct contact or indirect contact (feed,					
water, shared equipment) with my					
main flock.					
The equipment used for treatment,					
handling and other husbandry chores in		Ш			
the isolation area is only used for that					
purpose.					
When the equipment used for					
treatment, handling and other					
husbandry chores in the isolation area					

Biosecurity practices for	Self	-evaluatior	Checklist		
animal health management	Always/ frequently	Some- times	Never	N/A	Notes
is used for the main flock, the equipment is cleaned and disinfected between uses.					
Dedicated clothing and footwear are used when working with sheep in the isolation area.					
My employees work with the main flock before handling sheep in the isolation area(s).					
I have a protocol in effect for releasing sheep from isolation. (Note: such a protocol may include testing, vaccinating or treating for diseases of concern.)					
More susceptible animals in the flock are separated from older and/or diseased animals.					
Separation of animals by susceptibility applies to sheep movement through the farm, handling order, and worker contact with the animals.					
I use a flock health program to manage disease on my farm.					
I use written treatment protocols for the management of sick animals.					
I follow written protocols for the use of all prescribed drugs, including withdrawal times.					
Pest and insect management is in place.					
I follow a protocol to prevent contact between wildlife and my sheep.					
I follow a health plan for the dogs on the farm (working, guardian and pet) that includes vaccination against rabies and treatment for tapeworms.					
Female cats are spayed to reduce the risk of toxoplasmosis					

Note: The above list does not contain all of the points you should consider in developing a biosecurity plan for your farm. Refer to your National On-Farm Biosecurity Standard and Planning Guide for additional aspects to review.